Hi!

The Complete Guide to Omnichannel Marketing Automation for Ecommerce

omnisend
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>What is Omnichannel Marketing?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Multichannel vs Omnichannel Marketing: Key Differences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>What is the Impact of Omnichannel Marketing Automation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>How to Use Omnichannel Automation Throughout the Customer Journey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>How to Create Your Own Omnichannel Marketing Strategy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Key Takeaways</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**How to Use Omnichannel Automation Throughout the Customer Journey**

1. Visitor
2. Subscriber
3. Shopper
4. Buyer
5. Repeat buyer

**How to Create Your Own Omnichannel Marketing Strategy**

1. Centralize Your Customer Data
2. Examine Your Customer Experience Under a Microscope
3. Gather Critical Customer Feedback
4. Segment and Target Your Messages
5. Measure Your Success, and Evolve
The Problem With Marketing Today

Customers of today have a problem: they hate marketing, and it’s everywhere. With more customers using adblockers than ever before, the message to marketers is loud and clear: we don’t want ads.

While consumers think advertising is the problem, the problem doesn’t lie with marketing per se. The real problem is when consumers are bombarded with irrelevant messages that mean nothing to them.

This is a problem for ecommerce, as digital marketing is a huge part of getting customers to discover your ecommerce brand. But online brands aren’t sending the relevant messages customers need.

When a customer sees a message that isn’t relevant to their personal wants and needs, it’s that much easier to ignore that message.

We as marketers need to rise to this challenge. We need to make marketing relevant. We need to work to provide a better overall customer experience by personalizing each and every step of the customer journey.

Omnichannel marketing is what ultimately responds to that crucial need. By creating better personalization across all channels in a seamless experience, omnichannel is what customers will best respond to.

In this whitepaper, we’re going to dive deeper into omnichannel marketing for online retailers, explain a few key concepts, showcase a few practical examples, and lay out exactly how to implement your own omnichannel marketing strategy.
Omnichannel marketing is a strategy that uses customer data to provide an immersive, seamless customer experience no matter the customer, the channel, or the stage of the customer journey.

Today, customers experience on average 6-7 touchpoints with an online brand before they feel comfortable enough to purchase. Omnichannel marketing ensures that each of those touchpoints, regardless of their channels, is a wheel moving the customer into the same direction.

The idea is that a customer is going to have a relevant, personalized experience no matter what channel they use to engage with your brand. Omnichannel marketing does this by leveraging a central point of customer data and adapting your channels with the message that is the most appropriate for that customer at that time.

Many marketers tend to confuse omnichannel and multichannel marketing. The reality is that omnichannel marketing uses multichannel marketing, but the two are fundamentally different in practice.
Multichannel vs Omnichannel Marketing: Key Differences

When considering the differences between multichannel and omnichannel marketing, it’s useful to think about what the core of the strategy is.

Multichannel Marketing

Multichannel marketing places the brand at the center of the strategy. The brand reaches out across as many channels as it can maintain at once, attempting to reach all of their customers with the same message.

While a multichannel marketing strategy was a great response when we began to understand that customers needed to bounce across several channels to purchase, it’s largely obsolete. You have the exact same one-size-fits-all message across those channels, and that means that your message will be relevant to only a small number of consumers across those channels.

While multichannel marketing was a band aid that helped brands reach out to customers, technology has come so far since that time. Today, we have a better solution.
In contrast with multichannel marketing, omnichannel marketing puts the customer, and the data surrounding that customer at the center of the strategy. The difference with omnichannel marketing is that the channels are the brand, in lieu of an extension of the brand. Each of those channels adapts around the customer’s behavior to create a completely personalized and seamless experience.

As a customer moves through their purchase journey, these channels update the customer’s data and react with the most relevant message based on that behavior.

This means that the message is always relevant, and in being relevant, improves the ROI of each and every channel used for customer engagement.
What is the Impact of Omnichannel Marketing Automation?

It might seem like common sense that by sending more relevant messages across channels, ROI is going to improve. However, there’s also data to support that statement.

At Omnisend, we studied how our marketers used omnichannel marketing in their automation workflows. We found that marketers who used three or more channels in an automation workflow earned 250% more engagement and purchases than single-channel campaigns.

While earning more purchases and engagement is already a significant achievement, we took a closer look at the customers who engaged with those campaigns.

As it turns out, customers who had an omnichannel experience in those campaigns spent 13% or more on average. Not only were these omnichannel marketers earning more purchases, but they were also getting their customers to spend more.

The impact that an omnichannel experience has on a customer is remarkable. When customers have constantly relevant messages across channels, they appreciate the effort and reward the brand with a higher spend.

They also reward the brand in loyalty: in these campaigns, these marketers experienced 90% higher customer retention than the brands using single-channel campaigns.

When we consider the benefits that omnichannel marketing has on revenue, there’s already a strong argument for adopting this strategy. However, when we also consider the impact omnichannel marketing has on customer spending and loyalty, the choice becomes even more clear.
In order to use omnichannel properly, you have to automate it. While this might seem counterintuitive to a customer centric strategy, it’s absolutely crucial to creating a better customer experience.

Until quite recently, marketing automation was limited to email automation. While automating email channels is definitely a best practice in the marketing world, today we can go so much further.

By adding other channels into your automation workflows, you can create an immersive customer experience, allowing each channel to play off one another.

In this section, we’ll examine how you can use omnichannel marketing automation at each stage of the customer journey.
How to Use Omnichannel Automation Throughout the Customer Journey

Marketing automation is a natural next step to an effective omnichannel strategy. Could you imagine trying to tailor messages to each customer on each channel manually? You would do absolutely nothing else.

That’s just not practical. When we think of automation, we think of robotic messages that have no personalization to them. However, automation technology has come to a point where we can send hyper targeted and personalized messages to our customers.

The key is segmentation. By breaking down your customers into different types of shoppers, you can write messages that will be the most relevant to them at different stages of their customer journey. This journey typically falls into 5 main stages: visitor, subscriber, shopper, buyer and repeat buyer.
#1 Visitor

Less than 3% of website visits end in conversion. While that might seem bleak, there are ways to help move the customer to the next phase of their customer journey.

By automating a few different features of your site, you can capture the customer’s information and create a better experience. The main channel that you use in this case is a sign up form directly from your own site: basic sign up forms, exit-intent or time-based popups, animated sign up forms, and landing pages.

The information you ask for counts. Asking for a first name leads to better personalization, an email address is standard, and a phone number lets you send SMS campaigns.

A great incentive for signing up, like a discount or free shipping helps drive popups. This works particularly well in helping you determine how interested the customer is.

If a customer hasn’t signed up, you can always use Google and Facebook retargeting ads to remind them of your products and perhaps draw them back in.
#2 Subscriber

When a customer does sign up, depending on the information you collected from that subscriber, you can begin sending campaigns across a variety of channels as part of your welcome series automation.

**Email**

74.4% of customers expect a welcome email when they subscribe to a website. These messages are particularly effective: they earn a 42.21% open rate on average.

**SMS**

If you’ve collected a phone number, it’s possible to send the discount or free shipping code directly to their phones. Combine this with a welcome email by following up the SMS with an email about different products that might interest the customer.

**Push Notifications**

If your customer has opted in for push notifications, you can send their discount code this way and follow up via email.

**Retargeting Ads**

Keep your customer on the hook if they’re not engaging with email, SMS, and push notifications.

A great welcome series usually contains three messages or so, regardless of the channels involved. Using omnichannel automation, you can create a segment for customers who have signed up but never purchased and tailor your communication around this stage of the customer journey.
#3 Shopper

Remember that each touchpoint a customer has with your brand moves them closer to conversion. Every time they see your brand name or one of your products, they become more familiar and begin thinking more about purchasing.

Browse Abandonment

In the shopping phase, a customer might revisit your site during your welcome messages or via your retargeting ads. They might browse for a bit, but ultimately leave without purchasing. If they do so, automation can trigger so they enter into a browse abandonment segment.

In this segment, you can automate your messages with product recommendations based on the categories your customers browsed:

Email

Email is good for browse abandonment as it’s a bit of a softer approach. The last thing you want to do is to bombard the customer with promotional messages from all channels.

Use your browse abandonment email series to offer similar products from the same category. Try adding reviews from other customers who have purchased some of these products. You want social proof to help build your customer’s trust in your brand.

From here, follow up with recommendations from this category in Google and Facebook retargeting ads.
Cart Abandonment

If for example your customer adds products to their cart, you can go a little further in your omnichannel automation. These customers would be added to a separate segment with more aggressive messages. Keep in mind that more aggressive doesn’t mean overly promotional in this case.

You can set up an automation sequence to target cart abandonment. While many think about this in terms of email automation, it’s possible to do more.

Email

Using a support tone, send a reminder email 12 hours after the cart was abandoned.

SMS

Send a discount code for the product or offer free shipping to draw the customer back in.

If, for example, the customer still doesn’t come back to complete the purchase, you can set up a 1 week delay and start using retargeting ads for that particular product.

This kind of sequence is effective in bringing customers back to complete the purchase.

Facebook Messenger / SMS / push notifications

If a customer has opted in, send an abandoned cart reminder with a tone of urgency and support an hour after the customer has left your site.
#4 Customer

When the customer finally completes a purchase, your job is far from over. There are a few kinds of messages you’ll need to automate at this point.

In omnichannel marketing automation, the best practice is to let the customer choose how they receive updates on their order and shipping. Some customers may prefer email, others may prefer SMS, WhatsApp, Facebook Messenger, push notifications, etc.

Regardless of the channel, always include a link back to your store or their account so they can view the update in detail.

Order Confirmation & Shipping Notifications

Use the channel the customer has chosen for the initial update: whether it’s SMS or push notifications, send your customer an immediate update that you’ve received their order and that everything is being processed. As mentioned, always include a link back to your store and follow up with an email that details the whole order.
#5 Repeat Customer

No one loves you more than your repeat customers. And there’s no one you should love more either. Most online businesses count 40% of their income from repeat buyers, so you should keep them around with omnichannel automation.

After the product has been received and all is well, you still have opportunities to bring that customer back in several different ways.

Order Follow Up

After the products have reached your customer, wait about a week or so and send out a message for a review.

Email. Send an email asking for a review. Show how others have reviewed the products and provide an easy link directly to the review section.

SMS. If a customer hasn’t responded to the email, follow up a week later with an SMS offering some kind of incentive to review the product. You can also use Facebook Messenger to ask for a Facebook review, for example.

Cross Selling

Email. In emails following the feedback automation, you can always recommend products that would pair nicely with what your customer recently purchased. You can even offer an incentive in your confirmation emails to this effect. If you have a loyalty or rewards program in place, this is a great opportunity to show your customer how many points they have earned, and what it could get them on the recommended product. You can also follow up with an SMS or push notification for points and rewards updates.

Reactivation

If your customer hasn’t purchased again after a long time, a reactivation series can be automatically triggered. You can use email, SMS, push notifications, or any other channel the customer has opted-in for. If nothing else, it re-engages the customer: reactivation emails average a 40% open rate.

Regardless, your next goal from here is moving them back into the customer phase where they begin browsing your store, showing their intent to purchase.
While automation is a critical aspect to omnichannel, it’s only one part. In order to approach an omnichannel strategy, you have to reorganize your company and gather a bit of data. This process boils down to five main steps you’ll need to take.
#1 Centralize Your Customer Data

When creating your omnichannel marketing strategy, it’s important to break down the walls that separate your teams. It’s easy for each team to have their own goals to accomplish, but an omnichannel strategy means it’s time to work together.

Start by centralizing the point of data that you have on your customer. While you might think that only marketing needs information on the customer, the reality is that each department should have access to it too. Everything you know about your typical customer needs to be in one place, and easily accessible to each team.

From marketing, to sales, to merchandising, to customer support, it’s important that each department know exactly where a customer is in their purchase journey.

For example, marketing needs to know what message to send. Customer support needs to know which products the customer has browsed before they ask a question about the product. This helps each member of your staff understand how the customer moves through their journey.

While these are just a few examples, by centralizing your data into one place, you help each person who might interact with the customer create a better customer experience. Even those who don’t interact with the customer can benefit from knowing more about who your target shopper is.

Remember, omnichannel marketing is customer-centric marketing. Putting the customer at the center of your strategy will only help you improve your business operations from beginning to end.

And a seamless customer experience starts with a unified front from the members of your ecommerce team.
#2 Examine Your Customer Experience Under a Microscope

The next thing you should do is to walk a mile in your customer’s shoes. This means you need to perform a company-wide audit on your customer experience. It’s easy to boil that down to user experience- or the interaction that a user has on your site. While that’s a huge piece of the puzzle for ecommerce stores, a customer experience goes even further.

**Discovery**

Don’t start from your site. Start before the customer discovers you. Are you easily findable on Google? What ways does the customer have to stumble upon your brand? Interact with the different channels where your brand is present and see if they’re cohesive.

**User Experience**

Navigate your own site. How fast and fluid is it? Look for potential friction you can remove. Check your payment systems, do they instill confidence and trust? Bring in outside help and ask them for impressions on your site. Ask them to navigate it and narrate what they’re doing and why they’re doing it.

**Post-Sale Experience**

Many marketers forget this part. Think about how long shipping took. Did you receive shipping notifications and order confirmation? How was your unboxing experience? Did you include something to make the customer feel special and bring them back to your site? Did you have any kind of customer feedback message? Place a support ticket with your team and measure how long it takes for response.

**Checkout**

Abandon your own navigation or cart. Do you have cart abandonment messages in place? How do they look? Do you have any popups in place? Are they displaying to the right people at the right time?
#3 Gather Critical Customer Feedback

While many consider customer feedback difficult to obtain, there are more opportunities than you might think.

Most focus on just the post-sale feedback. While this is very useful to you, without an incentive, your customers are only going to give feedback in the case of a very negative or very positive experience. Any experience that falls in between the extremes is likely to go unreported.

But there are other ways you can get customer feedback at several points in the customer journey:

- Ask your customers how they feel about a product on social media prior to launch
- Offer a survey on your site's UX to get a better idea of how they view your store
- Ask for feedback following every customer success interaction you might have
- Incentivize the post-purchase review with a discount, free shipping, or even a giveaway

Of course, measuring engagement through each of these points can also give you some interesting data if you don’t get a response.

Another great way to guarantee a response is to offer a way to give feedback that's low-commitment. It takes a lot of effort to type out a review unless we feel very passionately about it. Let’s face facts, customers are easily distracted.

So use something where a customer has to click in order to respond. A simple thumbs up vs thumbs down button could do the trick. Alternatively you can measure your Net Promoter Score this way, asking customers if they would recommend your brand to someone else and rate that likelihood on a scale of 1-10.

This form of low-commitment feedback isn’t detailed data, but it’s very important and can help you make critical decisions on different aspects of your customer experience.

It can also help you personalize the message you send to your customers based on the feedback they’ve offered.
#4 Segment and Target Your Messages

The data that you gather on your customers is vital for this next step. Segmenting your customers into smaller groups helps you target your messages in a more detailed way.

With the data that you’ve gathered on your customer, you can segment your customers effectively. There are different ways you can segment your subscribers:

**Profile Data and Demographics**

This method of segmentation answers the “who” part of the customer:

- Age
- Gender
- Location
- Income / career
- Marital / family status

These kinds of demographic categories help with the first layer of segmentation. After all, you wouldn’t send the same message to someone in New York City as you would someone in Singapore.

**Campaign Engagement**

The second layer of segmentation is based on how a customer interacts with your brand:

- Campaigns that were last clicked
- High engagement customers vs low engagement
- At risk of churning / inactive

These are just a few examples, but there is a lot of potential here. For example, it might be interesting to follow up with a segment that clicked the last promotion you had with another sale you’ve got going on.

**Customer Behavior**

Perhaps the most interesting way to segment is based on shopping behavior:

- Browse abandonment
- Bounced customers
- Cart abandonment
- Cross selling for recent buyers
- Product recommendation

You can segment based on just about any kind of behavior a customer might have on your store. However, what really makes these segments interesting is layering them for even more exact targeting.

For example, you can target a woman aged 35-45, who clicked on your last product launch announcement, and who browsed that new line with product recommendations that are sure to interest her. By layering these segments, you can be sure that your messages are always relevant.
#5 Measure Your Success, and Evolve

As in the way omnichannel is a circle where your customers are immersed, so is the process of implementing an omnichannel marketing strategy. We end where we began: gathering data.

But this time you’re gathering data based on the omnichannel tests and operations you’ve put into place. You channels will be adapting to your customer with each interaction, so you need to be updating the data you have on your customers in turn.

This includes A/B testing each element of your campaigns. The point isn’t to find the absolute best visual or the absolute best copy, but to find what your customers best respond to.

That data is going to vary depending on your segment and the customers’ reactions in that segment. For example, it wouldn’t make sense to send the same tone of message to a loyal customer as you would a customer about to churn.

By keeping these messages pertinent and updating this data constantly, you can lengthen your customer lifetime and improve your retention rates.

Gathering this data on a regular basis is part of keeping your messages cohesive for your customers, and creating the ultimate omnichannel experience.
When creating your omnichannel marketing strategy, you might run into roadblocks along the way.

However, this strategy is proven to yield results, and it’s important to stay the course. Here are the biggest takeaways to help you in that journey:

• Omnichannel is customer-centricity. By placing the customer at the center of your operations, you can create a seamless customer experience.

• Omnichannel marketing can improve ROI, customer retention rate, and increase average customer spend.

• Omnichannel automation is not only important, it can be used at each step of the customer journey.

• Automation isn’t just for email. Automate your messages to increase your efficiency and add other channels into your automation workflows for an omnichannel experience.

• Centralize your customer data and keep each member of your team in the loop with your strategy.

• Perform regular audits of your customer experience to truly understand your customer.

• Ask for feedback from your customer at multiple points of the customer journey, and do it regularly.

• Layer your segmentation for more precise targeting so your message is always relevant to your customer.

• Measure your results systematically to keep your data up-to-date and improve your processes.
Make Marketing Relevant with Omnisend

Omnisend is a robust all-in-one omnichannel marketing automation platform that empowers marketers to improve their ROI, increase their sales, and improve their customer relationships.

We help you stay connected to your customers, no matter what channel they use: email, SMS, Facebook Messenger, Viber, WhatsApp, and many more. With Omnisend’s marketing automation, you can integrate several channels into the same workflow that will shave hours off your week and keep your customers on the hook.

High growth commerce brands choose Omnisend

With thousands of 5-star reviews on G2Crowd, Capterra, and GetApp, our 50,000 customers love us, and we think you will too.